



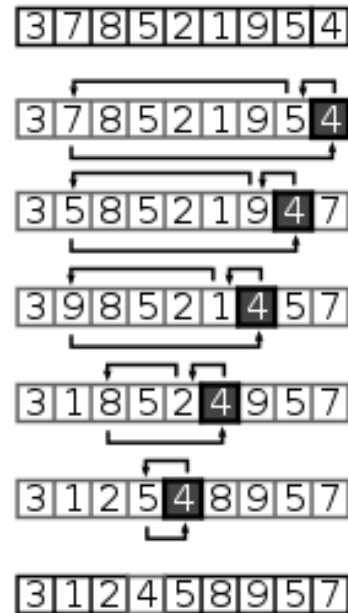
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CMPT 125 - Introduction to Computing Science and Programming II - Spring 2022

Lab 6. Sorting Algorithms
March 1st, 2022

- Some examples of popular sorting algorithms:
 - Insertion sort
 - Selection sort
 - Merge sort
 - Quicksort (next slide)
- Comparison sorts/Non-comparison sorts
- In place sort vs out of place
- There are also other algorithms:
 - Heapsort, Bubble sort, Bucket sort, Counting sort, Radix sort, etc.
- For some visualizations, please see the following link:
 - <https://visualgo.net>

- A divide and conquer algorithm similar to MergeSort
- Idea:
 - Pick a pivot and partition the array based on that
 - Fixed pivot (first or last)
 - Random pivot



Source:

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quicksort>

- A divide and conquer algorithm similar to MergeSort
- Idea:
 - Pick a pivot and partition the array based on that
 - Fixed pivot (first or last)
 - Random pivot
- Usually two functions:
 - Quicksort
 - Partition (helper function for Quicksort)
- Worst case:
 - Pivot always be the smallest or the largest element
- Best case:
 - Pivot always be the middle element



Source:

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quicksort>

- Make sure you understand the different sorting algorithms
- Compare times of different algorithms using `gettimeofday`. Change the input length by modifying `LENGTH`
- For each algorithm, try to find the best and the worst inputs considering the running time.
- Learn the syntax of `qsort`. Note that `qsort` uses function pointers we discussed in Lecture 7
- Implement `merge_sort` we saw in class, and compare its running time to other algorithms