CMPT 706 — Algorithms for Big Data

Homework Assignment 5

Instructor: Igor Shinkar Due date: Tuesday, April 7, 2020

Submit your solutions to Coursys in pdf format.

Question 1 (20 points) Consider the following algorithm BAR that gets a positive integer and works as follows:

 $BAR(int \ n)$:

- if $(n \le 0)$, return 0;
- else, return (n BAR(BAR(n-1)));

[5 points] What will be the output of BAR(3)?

[15 points] Write an algorithm that has the same functionality as BAR, so that the runtime of BAR(n) is O(n)?

Question 2 (20 points) Run the dynamic programming based algorithm for the (unweighted) edit distance problem we saw in class on inputs X = EXCELLENCE and Y = SILENCE. Draw the matrix representing the computation.

Question 3 (20 points) Write an algorithm for the weighted version of the edit distance problem. That is, the input is an alphabet Σ , replacement cost $w_{\sigma,\tau}$ for every pair of different letter $\sigma,\tau\in\Sigma$, and insertion/deletion cost z_{σ} for every letter $\sigma\in\Sigma$. The algorithm, then, gets two strings X,Y over the alphabet Σ and finds the weighted edit distance between X and Y. The runtime of the algorithm must be $O(|X| \cdot |Y|)$.

Question 4 (20 points) Write a dynamic programming algorithm that gets two strings X and Y, and finds their longest common (consecutive) substring. For example, if the strings are X = CloseTheDoorPlease and Y = TheDoorIsOpen, then the output should be TheDoor. The algorithm must run in time $O(|X| \cdot |Y|)$.

Question 5 (20 points) Consider the following change making problem: The input is an infinite supply of coins of m given values, and a target n. You goal is to find the minimal number of coins whose values sum up to n. For example, if the given 4 types of coins with values: 2, 3, 5, 7 and the target is 13, then this target can be achieved using 3 coins: 3+5+5 or 7+3+3.

Write a dynamic programming algorithm for solving this problem. What is the runtime of your algorithm?